

cigarettes, under both tariffs, \$4.10 per lb., and 25 p.c. ad valorem; on manufactured tobacco 90 cents per lb.; on cut tobacco 95 cents; on beverages made from malt, etc., and containing not more than 2½ p.c. of proof spirit 25 p.c. and 40 p.c.; on moving picture films 2 cents and 3 cents per linear foot. The excise duties payable under the Act to amend the Inland Revenue Act (chapter 28) are: On tobacco and snuff 20 cents per lb.; on cigars \$6 per thousand or, packages of less than ten, \$7 per thousand; on cigarettes—weighing not more than 3 lb. per thousand \$6; weighing more than 3 lb. per thousand \$11; on foreign leaf tobacco unstemmed 40 cents per lb., stemmed 60 cents. Tobacco growers in Canada are to be licensed, and are to pay a duty on the tobacco grown of 5 cents per lb., with an exemption of 30 lb. for the grower's own use.

The Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act, 1915 (chapter 46), imposes the following increased or new taxes: For each seat or berth in a parlour or sleeping car 10 cents and 10 p.c. of the price of the seat or berth; one cent on every hundred matches and 8 cents on every package of 54 or fewer playing cards with customs duties of the same amount on these articles when imported; 10 p.c. of the selling price on passenger automobiles, gramophones, etc., and records therefor, mechanical piano players and records therefor and jewellery.

Government Departments and the Government Service.—The Department of Immigration and Colonization Act (chapter 3) establishes a new department to administer the Immigration Act, the Chinese Immigration Act and Orders in Council dealing with immigration made under the War Measures Act, 1914. Another new department is created by the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Act (chapter 42). An Act to amend the Salaries Act and the Provisions for preserving the Independence of Parliament (chapter 41) authorizes the payments of salaries of \$7,000 to the Minister of Immigration and Colonization, the Minister of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment and the Secretary of State for External Affairs, and provides that the holders of those offices at the time of the passing of the Act should not be disqualified to sit in the House of Commons. The Act to authorize Re-arrangements and transfer of Duties in the Public Service (chapter 6) empowers the Governor in Council to transfer duties from one minister or department to another minister or department and to combine two or more departments under one minister. The Act to amend the Yukon Act (chapter 50) authorizes the Governor in Council to abolish the Council of the Yukon and appoint a new council and to abolish any position or office and transfer duties from one office to another.

The Act to amend the Penitentiary Act (chapter 36) provides for the appointment of a Superintendent of Penitentiaries in the Department of Justice and defines the duties of the office. The Statistics Act (chapter 43) regulates the constitution, duties and powers of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, repealing the Census and Statistics Act, R.S. 1906, c. 68, under which the Census and Statistics Office was constituted in 1905. The new Act authorizes the appointment of an officer to be called the Dominion Statistician and provides specifically, in addition to the censuses of population and agriculture,